UC Merced Undergraduate Student Success Internship Program

Training for Supervisors

What is an internship?

- An important element that distinguishes an internship from a short-term job or volunteer work is that an intentional <u>"learning agenda"</u> is structured into the experience.
- Learning activities common to most internship include learning objectives, observation, reflection, evaluation and assessment.
- An effort is made to establish a reasonable balance between the intern's learning goals and the specific work an organization needs done.
- Internships promote academic, career and/or personal development.

Steps to Creating an Internship Program

- Step 1: Set Project Goals
- Step 2: Write a Plan
- Step 3: Develop an Internship Position Description
- Step 4: Develop an Internship Learning Contract
- Step 5: Orient the Intern
- Step 6: Manage/Train/Guide/Mentor the Intern

Step 1: Set Goals

- What does your department hope to achieve from the program?
- Are you a small department searching for additional help on a project?
- Is your department growing quickly and having difficulty with managing workflow of specific projects?
- Can your department provide an interesting and rewarding experience?

Step 2: Write a Plan

- Where will you put the intern? Do you have adequate workspace for them?
- ▶ What sort of academic background and experience do you want in an intern? Decide on standards for quality beforehand it'll help you narrow down the choices and find the best candidates.
- Who will have the primary responsibility for the intern? Will that person be a mentor or merely a supervisor?
- ▶ What will the intern be doing? Be as specific as possible. Interns, like others in the process of learning, need structure so they don't become lost, confused or bored.

Step 2: Write a Plan

- A very important part of your plan is to assign intern a mentor/supervisor
 that is, someone from the intern's department who will be in charge of the intern.
- Mentor/Supervisor does not have to me the a teacher per se, but should be selected because:
 - He or she enjoys teaching or training
 - Has time and energy for a intern

Step 3: Internship Position Description

- Internship Position Description
 - Position Title
 - Department
 - Supervisor
 - Major(s) Desired (Optional)
 - GPA Desired (Optional)
 - Experience/Skills Desired
 - Job/Project Description

Step 3: Internship Position Description

- Draft a internship position description that clearly explains the intern's duties.
 - Do you want the intern for a specific project?
 - How will the intern support full-time staff?
 - How will you expose the intern to the role and function in relation to the student's academic/co-curricular development, and institutional mission and goals
 - It is important that the interns perceive their work is making a useful contribution to the sponsoring department.

Step 3: Internship Learning Contract

- Identify the project(s) and activities that the intern will undertake to support, enhance and complete the project(s)
- Develop work activities with measurable learning objectives
 - Activities should focus on projects specifically related to the academic major and degree the intern is pursuing
 - Offer every opportunity to link classroom learning to workplace experience.

Step 3: Internship Position Description

Sample tasks that interns have provided for their departments include the following:

- performing laboratory tests
- writing handbooks or manuals
- designing posters, charts, graphs
- generating financial forecast and cost recovery reports
- performing software/hardware modifications
- conducting studies and surveys

- developing slide/sound presentations
- compiling technical reports
- creating academic lesson plans
- conducting research
- generating marketing plans
- conducting training packages
- preparing budgets and financial reports

Step 4: Developing a Learning Contract

- Set bi-weekly 1:1 meeting time to discuss:
 - Project status
 - Offer intern time to connect and seek advice from you
- KEY POINTS
- Describe challenging, but realistic tasks students can accomplish within the allotted time period.
- Work with faculty to establish specific learning objectives for students.
- Identify outcomes or expected products.
- Be willing to incorporate the students' particular strengths.
- Show how this work relates to the overall efforts of the department or organization.

Step 5: Orient the Intern

Prior to the First Day

- Set up an organized work area for the intern
- Set up phone, voicemail, PC, email, and internet access and/or other resources necessary for them to accomplish the tasks you have stipulated in the internship position description and learning contract
- Outline work expectations for the duration of the internship
- Prepare forms to be signed, including a confidentiality agreement, if necessary

Step 5: Orient the Intern

- Orient your intern to his or her new workplace.
 - This might take the form of a conventional orientation program or merely a walk around the office.
 - Give interns an overview of your department.
 - Give talks or hand out information about the department's history, vision and services.
 - Explain who does what and what the intern's duties will be.
 - Introduce him or her to co-workers.

(See Orientation Check List)

Step 5: Orient the Intern

Personnel Structure

- special industry jargon
- specific work standards and procedures
- reporting relationships
- access to the supervisor (days, times, and duration)
- tasks that can be completed without supervisory approval
- work processing requests and timeliness
- mail and telephone systems
- approved form(s) for correspondence
- safety regulations

- procedure for signing off completed work
- periodic forms or reports to be completed
- security and confidentiality issues, if relevant
- acceptable dress and appearance
- maintaining the premises and work station
- productive interactions with others at the work site
- personnel who can answer different kinds of questions
- how the organization wants the intern to deal with clients, customers, and vendors

Step 6: Manage/Train/Guide/Mentor the Intern

- Keep an eye on the intern.
 - Watch for signs that the intern is confused or bored.
 - Silence means that an intern is busy, it also could mean that he or she is confused and shy about telling you so.
 - See whether the intern is trying to do anything that requires someone else's input.
 - Paying attention early helps you head off problems and bad habits early on.

Give lots of feedback!

- Especially if your interns have never done this kind of work before, they'll want to know if their work is measuring up to your expectations.
- Periodically, examine what your intern has produced and make suggestions.

Step 6: Manage/Train/Guide/Mentor the Intern

Evaluate the intern's progress every now and then.

Remember those goals you outlined before? A few weeks after the internship begins, it's time to see how well you and your intern are meeting those goals.

Suggestions

- Formal as written evaluations every three weeks
- Informal as occasional lunches with the internship coordinator and/or the intern's mentor.
- Have the intern evaluate the experience and the department as well.
- *Add in assessment piece here**

Step 6: Manage/Train/Guide/Mentor the Intern

KEY POINTS

- Maintain an open channel of communication with formal and informal meetings.
- Keep the interns busy and directed towards their learning objectives. Students rarely complain of overwork, but they do complain if they are not challenged.
- Provide opportunities for increasing responsibility.
- Encourage professionalism by assisting the interns in developing human relations skills, decision-making abilities, and managing office politics.
- Remember that you are a role model.
- Develop connections.

Upcoming Dates to Remember

- Student applications will be due on <u>DATE</u>
- Resumes and cover letters will be forwarded to selection committee for review
- Interviews will be held at the beginning of September
- Final hiring decisions made mid-September